

## **Toolbox Talk** — **Instructor Guide for Culinary Arts**

## Scalds and Burns Topic Overview

Burns and scalds are a very common injury in the kitchen. While some burns may only require first aid, 3rd degree burns require hospitalization and at times cosmetic surgery. All scalds and burns are preventable.

## Demonstration and **Discussion Topics**

| <b>Discuss</b> scald and burn hazards in the kitchen, including hot surfaces, hot foods/liquids, open flames, and hot oil.  |
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| Tour the kitchen with the students, pointing out these hazards.   |
| Distribute the student handout.   |
| Use the student handout as your discussion guide.   |
| Review the safety tips.   |
| <b>Discuss</b> how scalds and burns can occur, and that scalds (hot water burns) are as bad as fire burns.  |
| Remind students that they need to be alert (not groggy or sleepy) at all times in the kitchen.  |
| <b>Explain</b> what can be done in the workplace to minimize the risk of scalds and burns (e.g., non-skid flooring, hot liquids at waist height).   |
| in the kitchen.  Explain what can be done in the workplace to minimize the risk of scalds and burns (e.g., non-skid flooring, hot liquids at waist height).  Emphasize that good housekeeping is mandatory. Make sure all students are trained in how to keep their work areas clean. |
| Make it real. Tell at least two stories of injuries from your experience, or use the following examples:  |

SCALDS AND BURNS = ÉBOUILLANTAGES ET BRÛLURES = WITROMITUITION

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