

Safety & Care

Traffic Control Plans

Workers face an increased risk when they work on roadways. Employers must develop and implement a written *Traffic Control Plan* that protects workers from traffic hazards, while upholding the applicable standards of the Northwest Territories' *Public Highways Act* or Nunavut's *Motor Vehicles Act*.

For a sample *Traffic Control Plan*, see page 35 (Northwest Territories) or page 30 (Nunavut) of the *Traffic Control Person [Codes of Practice](#)*.

Written *Traffic Control Plans* identify the traffic control methods in use at the job site.

For example:

- Warning signs;
- Barriers;
- Lane control devices (e.g. pylons);
- Flashing lights;
- Flares;
- Clearly marked pilot vehicles;
- Automatic or remote-controlled traffic control systems; or
- Designated signalers directing traffic.



Employers must also ensure that:

- Workers receive training on the contents of the *Traffic Control Plan*;
- Workers have access to the *Traffic Control Plan* at the worksite;
- Workers wear a high visibility vest, armllets, or other high-visibility clothing;
- Construction vehicle operators, working on a roadway, turn on the vehicle's amber flashing lights; and
- Designated signalers receive training to ensure their own safety and the safety of other workers. The employer **must** keep a record of the training provided and give a copy to the designated signaler.

For more information, visit our website to review the *Occupational Health and Safety Regulations* – Sections 138 and 139.